

**Group theory and symmetries in quantum mechanics**

**Summer semester 2015 - Exercise sheet 4**

Distributed: 7.05.2015, Discussion: 12.05.2015

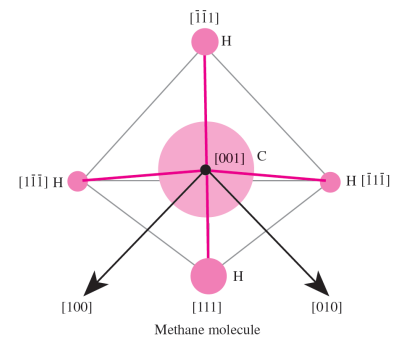
**Problem 11: Characters and representations of the group  $D_4$ .**

Consider the group  $D_4$  of all possible (in 3D) rotations of a square (treated in problem 3).

- In problem 3 we determined the classes and the multiplication table of this group. The classes can be denoted as  $E$ ,  $C_4^2$ ,  $2C_4$ ,  $2C_2$  and  $2C_2'$  (the number in front indicates the number of elements in the corresponding class). Construct the character table for this group using the common rules and the property that 1-dimensional representations coincide with their own characters (rule 7a of the lecture).
- Select the  $x$ - and  $y$ -axes being parallel to the corresponding sides of the square and the  $z$ -axis perpendicular to the plane of the square and piercing through its centrum. Construct a 3-dimensional representation of this group using the basis vectors  $\mathbf{e}_x$ ,  $\mathbf{e}_y$  and  $\mathbf{e}_z$ .
- Find the characters of the representation found in (b). Using the character table of  $D_4$ , found in (a), show that this representation reduces to a direct sum of a 2-dimensional and a 1-dimensional representation. Can you see this result directly from the matrices found in (b)?
- Calculate the characters of the direct product of the two-dimensional irreducible representation of  $D_4$  with itself and decompose this direct product in irreducible representations.

**Problem 12: Character table for the group  $T_d$ .**

Consider the symmetry group of the methane molecule ( $\text{CH}_4$ ). It is the symmetry of the regular tetrahedron, called  $T_d$ . This group has 24 elements in 5 classes:  $E$ ,  $3C_2$ ,  $6S_4$ ,  $6\sigma$ ,  $8C_3$ . Here the number in front indicates the number of elements in the corresponding class,  $C_n$  denote rotations by angles  $\pm \frac{2\pi}{n}$  about some axes,  $\sigma$  denote reflections in respect to some planes,  $S_n$  denote rotations by angles  $\pm \frac{2\pi}{n}$  about some axes combined with reflections in respect to the plane perpendicular to the corresponding rotation axis (improper rotations).



- Determine the axes for the rotations and improper rotations as well as the planes for the reflections. Check that all classes of this group are rational.
- Construct the character table for this group using the common rules and the property that this group has only rational classes (rule 7b of the lecture).

**Problem 13: Character table for the group  $C_{6v}$  using multiplication of classes.**

Construct the character table for the group  $C_{6v}$  (treated in problem 8) using the common rules and the multiplication of classes (rule 7c of the lecture).